

# A tour of the GAMS ecosystem in 2023

Recent developments and some evergreens

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GAMS Software GmbH

Short introduction into GAMS

Tour of the GAMS ecosystem and its components

Studio

Transfer

Connect

MIRO

Engine

Summary

## **Short introduction into GAMS**

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- Stands for: **G**eneral **A**lgebraic **M**odeling **S**ystem

# What is GAMS?

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- Stands for: **General Algebraic Modeling System**
- Conceived 1976 by World Bank, commercial since 1987
- Application areas wherever mathematical optimization is useful
- Many users from academic and commercial institutions
- Extensive software package with mathematical modeling language at its core



- Focused on declarative programming resembling mathematical notation

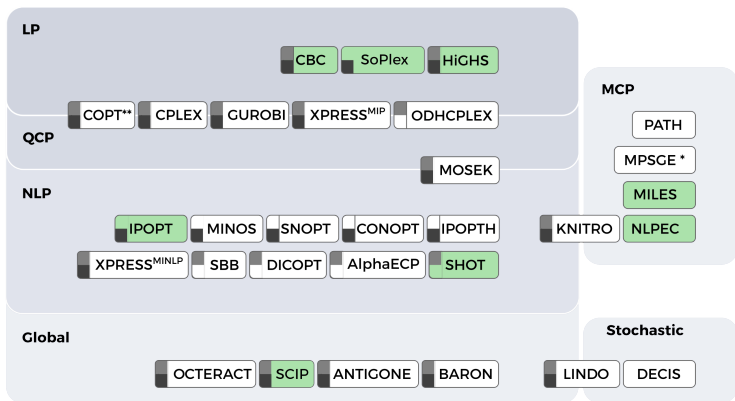
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
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- Bridge between human and machine readable/executable model representation
- Imperative language constructs like branching and loops
  
- Flexibility, simplicity, and speed as key strengths of language and ecosystem with
  - 16 expressible model types: linear, quadratic, nonlinear, stochastic, ...
  - 37 solver links: SCIP, Gurobi, HiGHS, KNITRO, ...
  - 3 operating systems: Windows, Linux, macOS (x64 & ARM64)
  - Many data sources and sinks: CSV, GDX, HAR, pandas, Excel, Access, SQL, ...
  - 13 language bindings: C/C++, Python, MATLAB, R, Julia, .NET, Java, ...
  - Efficient model generation for sparse coefficient matrices (widespread “in the wild”)  
→ see “Performance in Optimization Models” at <https://www.gams.com/blog>


# GAMS solver zoo and supported model types



 Mixed integer

 Open source solver

 Continuous

 Commercial solver

\* MPSGE is not a solver, but a GAMS subsystem dedicated to solving economic equilibrium models

\*\* COPT does not handle MIQCPs

# Knapsack problem definition and implementation

Backpack can hold weight  $c$ .

Items  $i \in \mathcal{I}$  with utilities  $u_i$  and weights  $w_i$  are available to select.

$$x_i = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{iff. item } i \text{ is selected} \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

$$\max \sum_{i \in \mathcal{I}} u_i \cdot x_i$$

s.t.

$$\sum_{i \in \mathcal{I}} w_i \cdot x_i \leq c$$

$$x_i \in \{0, 1\} \quad i \in \mathcal{I}$$

```
1  set i "available items" / i1*i4 /;
2
3  scalar c "capacity of knapsack" / 8 /
4
5  parameters
6  u(i) "utility of item" / i1 10, i2 4, i3 5, i4 8 /
7  w(i) "weight of item" / i1 8, i2 2, i3 4, i4 5 /;
8
9  binary variable
10 x(i) "1 iff. item i is deposited into knapsack";
11
12 free variable
13 utility "objective value of selection";
14
15 equations obj, cap;
16 obj .. utility =e= sum(i, u(i)*x(i));
17 cap .. sum(i, w(i)*x(i)) =l= c;
18
19 model knapsack /all/;
20 solve knapsack using mip maximizing utility;
21 display x.l;
```

Listing 1: knapsack.gms

## **Tour of the GAMS ecosystem and its components**

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**Studio**

- Integrated development environment for GAMS code

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- Runs natively on Windows, Linux, and macOS (x64 & ARM64)
- Relatively lightweight in terms of CPU and memory consumption
  
- Numerous features to help GAMS users
  - Handling of multiple file projects
  - Syntax highlighting, code completion, tooltips, help integration
  - Code folding, dark mode, and distraction free mode
  - Interactive debugger with breakpoints and stepping
  - GDX (GAMS Data eXchange), listing file, and reference file viewers
  - Comfortable editor for GAMS configuration file
  - Integration of Engine, MIRO, and NEOS server





# Interactive debugging with GAMS Studio

The screenshot shows the GAMS Studio interface. The main window displays GAMS code for a project named 'rcpsp.gms'. The code includes comments and logic for job scheduling, such as determining the order of jobs, calculating earliest finishing times (efts), and latest finishing times (lfts). Line 138 is highlighted in red, indicating a breakpoint. The code ends with a 'solve' statement to minimize the makespan.

```
130 * Assumption is topological ordering of jobs, hence the last job is assigned the highest number
131 lastJob(j)$ord(j) = card(j) = yes;
132
133 * Forward computation of earliest finishing times (using precedence and durations)
134 efts(i)$ord(i)=1;
135 loop((j,1)$pred(1,j), efts(j)=max(efts(j), efts(1)+durations(j)));
136
137 * Backward computation of latest finishing times
138 lfts(j) = card(T);
139 Scalar it, jt;
140 for(it=card(i) downto 1,
141     loop(is(ord(i)=it),
142         for(jt=card(j) downto 1,
143             loop(j$(ord(j)=jt and pred(1,j)), lfts(i)=min(lfts(1), lfts(j)-durations(j))
144         )
145     );
146 );
147
148 * Derive set of acceptable finishing times from e/lfts boundaries
149 tw(j, t)$ (efts(j) <= ord(t) and ord(t) <= lfts(j)) = yes;
150 * If job j is active in t it can finish in period tau
151 fw(j, t, tau)$ (ord(tau) >= ord(t) and ord(tau) <= ord(t)+durations(j)-1 and tw(j,tau)) = yes;
152
153 makespan.lo = 0;
154 solve rcpspac using mip minimizing makespan;
```

Below the code editor, the 'temp3563.gdx' file is loaded. The 'Filter...' dialog is open, showing a list of variables and their attributes. The 'lfts' variable is selected and highlighted in blue.

Entry	Name	Type	Dim	Records	Text
13	actual	Set	1	30	set of actual jobs (without dummy jobs)
7	capacities	Parameter	1	4	Renewable resource capacities available in all periods
9	demands	Parameter	2	30	Number of resource units from r the job j requires/occupies while active
8	durations	Parameter	1	30	Job durations (processing times)
10	efts	Parameter	1	32	Earliest finishing times
15	fw	Set	3	0	yes if, and only if, job j (active in period t) can be finished in period tau
4	i	Alias	1	0	Aliased with j
22	it	Parameter	0	1	
1	j	Set	1	32	jobs (must be topologically ordered, i.e. i<j implies j is not a predecessor of i)
23	jt	Parameter	0	1	
14	lastlob	Set	1	1	singleton set containing only the last dummy job
11	lfts	Parameter	1	32	Latest finishing times
17	makespan	Variable	0	1	total project duration
18	objective	Equation	0	1	determine makespan through finishing time of last job
21	once	Equation	1	0	each job must be scheduled exactly once
19	precedence	Equation	2	0	enforce job precedences
6	pred	Set	2	48	yes if and only if i is predecessor of j (order relation)

On the right side, the 'Table View' shows the values for the selected 'lfts' parameter across 32 jobs (j1 to j32).

j	Value
j1	120
j2	135
j3	124
j4	127
j5	144
j6	156
j7	145
j8	133
j9	135
j10	134
j11	144
j12	135
j13	138
j14	138
j15	153
...	...

The status bar at the bottom indicates the project name 'rcpsp', the file path 'C:\Users\vaachri\Documents\GAMS Studio\workspac\rcpsp.gms', and the current line and column: 'Navigator: type "?" for help. 160 lines 143 / 13 INS System'.

# **Tour of the GAMS ecosystem and its components**

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**Transfer**

- An optimization model arises inside a machine learning or data science project?  
→ API for data exchange with scripting language (Python, MATLAB, R)
- *Container-oriented*: Holds (linked) symbols with attributes and data (records)
- Symbol records have standardized format:
  - Python: Pandas DataFrame, numpy arrays
  - MATLAB: struct, table, dense matrix, sparse matrix
  - R: vector, data frame
- Batch read/writes through container (fast C++ backend under the hood)

---

```
1 import gamstransfer as gt
2 import numpy as np
3 m = gt.Container()
4 items = [f'item{i+1}' for i in range(4)]
5 us = np.array([10, 4, 5, 8])
6 ws = np.array([8, 2, 4, 5])
7 i = m.addSet('i', records=items, description='items')
8 c = m.addParameter('c', records=8, description='capacity')
9 u = m.addParameter('u', domain=i, records=us, description='utility')
10 w = m.addParameter('w', domain=i, records=ws, description='weight')
11 m.write('knapsack_instance.gdx')
```

---

Listing 2: knapsack\_transfer.gms

## **Tour of the GAMS ecosystem and its components**

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**Connect**

- Processing data in arbitrary formats in a more descriptive way?

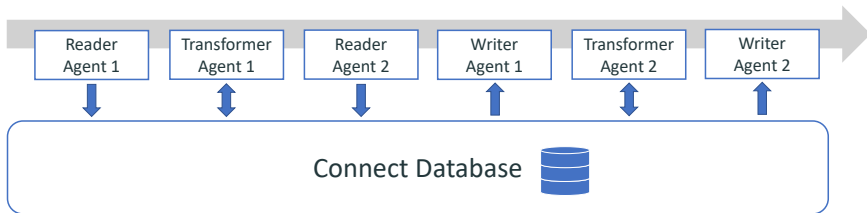
- Processing data in arbitrary formats in a more descriptive way?
- Flexible system to read, transform and write data from various formats

# GAMS Connect: extract, transform, load (ETL) for GAMS

- Processing data in arbitrary formats in a more descriptive way?  
→ Flexible system to read, transform and write data from various formats
- Available source/sink formats: CSV, SQL, Excel, and more to come...

# GAMS Connect: extract, transform, load (ETL) for GAMS

- Processing data in arbitrary formats in a more descriptive way?
- Flexible system to read, transform and write data from various formats
- Available source/sink formats: CSV, SQL, Excel, and more to come...
  - Will replace most data exchange command line utilities (e.g. GDXXRW for Excel)





# Knapsack example with Connect

---

```
1 i,    u,    w
2 i1, 10,    8
3 i2,  4,    2
4 i3,  5,    4
5 i4,  8,    5
```

---

Listing 3: item\_data.csv

---

```
1 $onEmbeddedCode Connect:
2 - CSVReader:
3     file: item_data.csv
4     name: u
5     indexColumns: 1
6     valueColumns: 2
7 - CSVReader:
8     file: item_data.csv
9     name: w
10    indexColumns: 1
11    valueColumns: 3
12 - GAMSWriter:
13     writeAll: True
14 $offEmbeddedCode
15 parameter c /8/;
```

---

Listing 4: knapsack\_connect.gms



- Over 200 stamp stations scattered across the Harz mountains in Germany

# Harzer Wandernadel - excursion



- Over 200 stamp stations scattered across the Harz mountains in Germany
- Put stamp into your pass to “prove” visit during hike



- Over 200 stamp stations scattered across the Harz mountains in Germany
- Put stamp into your pass to “prove” visit during hike
- More information available online:
  - <https://www.harzer-wandernadel.de/>
  - <https://www.oberharzinfo.de/en/hiking-nature/harzer-wandernadel/harzer-wandernadel-up-in-the-harz>

# Harzer Wandernadel - Excel input data set

The screenshot shows an Excel spreadsheet titled 'HarzStampLocations.xlsx'. The data is organized in a table with the following columns: Stempelstellen-Nr., Stempelstellen-Name, Position (Dezimalgrade), Position (Dezimalminuten), Position (Grad-Min-Sek), and Position (UTM). The rows list 28 different hiking points, including Eckertalsperre (Staumauer), Scharfenstein (Rangerstation), Am Kruzifix, Taubenklippe, Froschfelsen, Bremer Hütte (Obere Ilsefälle), Gasthaus Plessenburg, Stempelsbuche, Brockenhaus, Große Zeterklippe, Eckerloch, Achtermannshöhe, Ahrensklint, Schnarckerklippe (Schutzhütte), Leistenklippe, Ferdinandsstein, Trudenstein, Grenzweg am Kaffeehorst, Skidenkmal (Nähe Eckerstausee), Barenberg (Aussichtspunkt), Helenenruch Elend, Gelber Brink, Molkenhausstern, Wolfsklippe, Oberförster-Koch-Denkmal, Mönchsbusch, Ottofelsen, and Gasthaus Steinerne Renne.

Stempelstellen-Nr.	Stempelstellen-Name	Position (Dezimalgrade)	Position (Dezimalminuten)	Position (Grad-Min-Sek)	Position (UTM)
1	Eckertalsperre (Staumauer)	N51.84165 E10.57998	N51° 50.499' E10° 34.799'	N51° 50' 29.9" E10° 34' 47.9"	32 U 608845 5744605
2	Scharfenstein (Rangerstation)	N51.83017 E10.60277	N51° 49.810' E10° 36.166'	N51° 49' 48.6" E10° 36' 10.0"	32 U 610444 5743364
3	Am Kruzifix	N51.84437 E10.61180	N51° 50.662' E10° 36.708'	N51° 50' 39.7" E10° 36' 42.5"	32 U 611031 5744956
4	Taubenklippe	N51.86213 E10.61860	N51° 51.728' E10° 37.116'	N51° 51' 43.7" E10° 37' 07.0"	32 U 611456 5746943
5	Froschfelsen	N51.85192 E10.65457	N51° 51.115' E10° 39.274'	N51° 51' 06.9" E10° 39' 16.4"	32 U 613957 5745862
6	Bremer Hütte (Obere Ilsefälle)	N51.82868 E10.63485	N51° 49.721' E10° 38.091'	N51° 49' 43.3" E10° 38' 05.5"	32 U 612658 5743249
7	Gasthaus Plessenburg	N51.83215 E10.66826	N51° 49.929' E10° 40.095'	N51° 49' 55.7" E10° 40' 05.7"	32 U 614950 5743684
8	Stempelsbuche	N51.81937 E10.62792	N51° 49.162' E10° 37.675'	N51° 49' 09.7" E10° 37' 40.5"	32 U 612203 5742200
9	Brockenhaus	N51.80054 E10.61578	N51° 48.032' E10° 36.947'	N51° 48' 01.9" E10° 36' 56.8"	32 U 611413 5740087
10	Große Zeterklippe	N51.80264 E10.64335	N51° 48.159' E10° 38.601'	N51° 48' 09.5" E10° 38' 36.1"	32 U 613309 5740365
11	Eckerloch	N51.78499 E10.61792	N51° 47.099' E10° 37.075'	N51° 47' 05.9" E10° 37' 04.5"	32 U 611599 5738361
12	Achtermannshöhe	N51.76145 E10.56913	N51° 45.687' E10° 34.148'	N51° 45' 41.2" E10° 34' 08.9"	32 U 608291 5735671
13	Ahrensklint	N51.77356 E10.66719	N51° 46.414' E10° 40.031'	N51° 46' 24.8" E10° 40' 01.9"	32 U 615027 5737168
14	Schnarckerklippe (Schutzhütte)	N51.75445 E10.66565	N51° 45.267' E10° 39.939'	N51° 45' 16.0" E10° 39' 56.3"	32 U 614968 5735040
15	Leistenklippe	N51.78152 E10.69378	N51° 46.891' E10° 41.627'	N51° 46' 53.5" E10° 41' 37.6"	32 U 616840 5738097
16	Ferdinandsstein	N51.82350 E10.65210	N51° 49.410' E10° 39.126'	N51° 49' 24.6" E10° 39' 07.6"	32 U 613860 5742698
17	Trudenstein	N51.77218 E10.69656	N51° 46.331' E10° 41.794'	N51° 46' 19.9" E10° 41' 47.6"	32 U 617056 5737063
18	Grenzweg am Kaffeehorst	N51.75183 E10.63245	N51° 45.110' E10° 37.947'	N51° 45' 06.6" E10° 37' 56.8"	32 U 612683 5734698
19	Skidenkmal (Nähe Eckerstausee)	N51.82037 E10.57298	N51° 49.222' E10° 34.379'	N51° 49' 13.3" E10° 34' 22.7"	32 U 608414 5742229
20	Barenberg (Aussichtspunkt)	N51.75032 E10.67505	N51° 45.019' E10° 40.503'	N51° 45' 01.1" E10° 40' 30.2"	32 U 615628 5734595
21	Helenenruch Elend	N51.75407 E10.68091	N51° 45.244' E10° 40.854'	N51° 45' 14.6" E10° 40' 51.2"	32 U 616021 5735021
22	Gelber Brink	N51.79102 E10.64481	N51° 47.461' E10° 38.688'	N51° 47' 27.7" E10° 38' 41.3"	32 U 613438 5739076
23	Molkenhausstern	N51.80771 E10.65779	N51° 48.462' E10° 39.468'	N51° 48' 27.7" E10° 39' 28.1"	32 U 614293 5740549
24	Wolfsklippe	N51.81947 E10.67052	N51° 49.168' E10° 40.231'	N51° 49' 04.2" E10° 40' 13.9"	32 U 616356 5742953
25	Oberförster-Koch-Denkmal	N51.82528 E10.68840	N51° 49.517' E10° 41.304'	N51° 49' 31.0" E10° 41' 18.2"	32 U 616356 5742953
26	Mönchsbusch	N51.81783 E10.70789	N51° 49.070' E10° 42.473'	N51° 49' 04.2" E10° 42' 38.4"	32 U 617719 5742157
27	Ottofelsen	N51.79669 E10.71195	N51° 47.801' E10° 42.717'	N51° 47' 48.1" E10° 42' 43.0"	32 U 618053 5739812
28	Gasthaus Steinerne Renne	N51.80494 E10.69977	N51° 48.297' E10° 41.986'	N51° 48' 17.8" E10° 41' 59.2"	32 U 617193 5740710

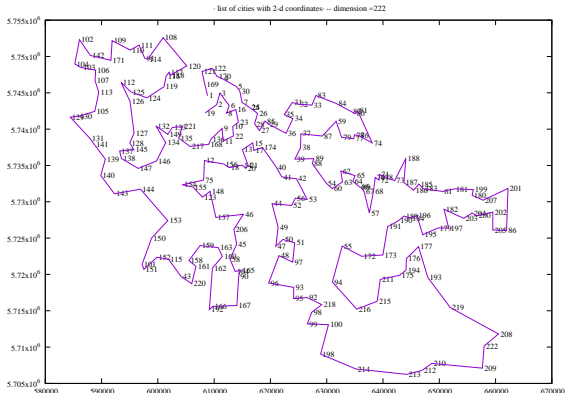
Source: <https://www.harzer-wandernadel.de/stempelstellen/gps-download/>

# Harzer Wandernadel - Specify table layout for Connect

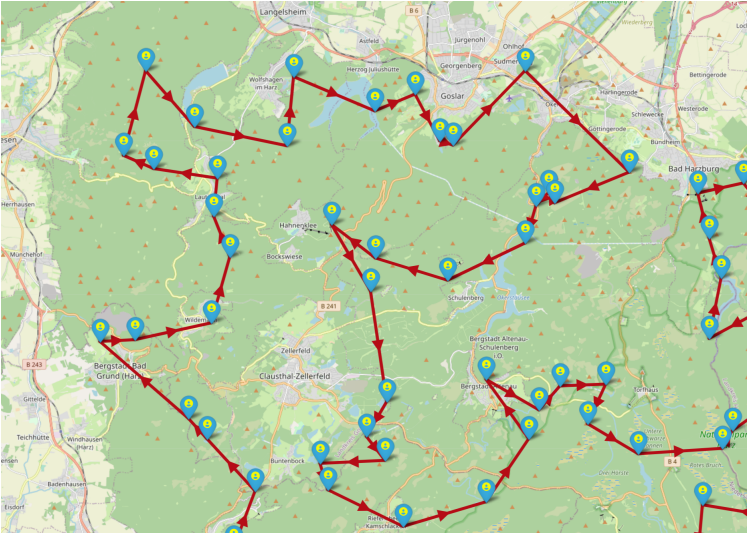
```
1  $onEmbeddedCode Connect:
2  - PandasExcelReader:
3      file: HarzStampLocations.xlsx
4      symbols:
5          - name: stamplocations
6            range: "Tabelle1!A3"
7            type: set
8            rowDimension: 6
9            columnDimension: 0
10 - Projection:
11     name: stamplocations(nr,name,position1,position2,position3,position4)
12     newName: i(nr)
13     text: "{name}"
14 - Projection:
15     name: stamplocations(nr,name,position1,position2,position3,position4)
16     newName: utmraw(nr)
17     text: "{position4}"
18 - PythonCode:
19     code: |
20         # Split UTM of format "32 U eeeee nnnnn" into parameter utm
21         utm_records = []
22         for r in connect.container["utmraw"].records.values:
23             s = r[1].split()
24             utm_records.append( (r[0], "east", float(s[-2])) )
25             utm_records.append( (r[0], "north", float(s[-1])) )
26         connect.container.AddParameter("utm", domain=["*","*"], records=utm_records)
27 - GAMSWriter:
28     symbols:
29         - name: i
30         - name: utm
31 $offEmbeddedCode
```

# Harzer Wandernadel - full optimal solution

- Local newspaper: Athlete visited all in 3 weeks
  - Data fed into TSP model from GAMS Model Library
    - 2 minutes with CPLEX
    - 2.4 seconds with Concorde (coordinates as text)
  - Optimal tour length: 557 km (Euclidean distance between nodes)
- $\geq 26$  km per day for Athlete



# Harzer Wandernadel - MIRO app and solution map



Try interactively: [https://miro.gams.com/gallery/app\\_direct/tsp/](https://miro.gams.com/gallery/app_direct/tsp/)



## **Tour of the GAMS ecosystem and its components**

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**MIRO**

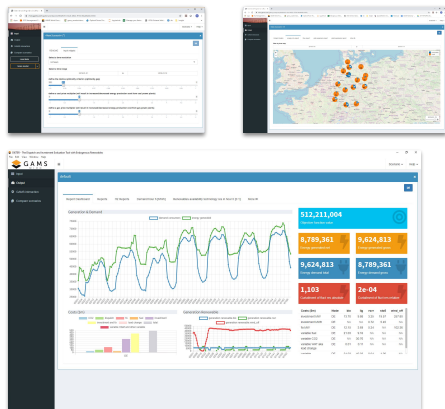
# Model Interface with Rapid Orchestration (MIRO)

## Configuration vs coding

- A few model annotations make GAMS model MIRO ready
- Widgets and graphs can be configured, but do not need to be programmed

## Benefits

- Very quick results
- Extendable with custom R code



# MIRO data concept

```

GAMS model

MIRO independent
Set
  i 'existing plants' / amsattle, san-diego /
  j 'markets'
  / new-york, chicago, topeka /;

Parameter
  a(i) 'capacity of plant i in cases'
  / amsattle 200
  san-diego 400 /;

$include externalInput;
b(i) 'demand at market j in cases'
  / new-york 300
  chicago 300
  topeka 250 /;

Table #c(i,j) 'distance in thousands of miles'
  amsattle 2.5 1.7 2.4
  san-diego 2.5 3.4 3.4;

Scalar f 'freight in dollars per case per thousand miles' / 90 /;
$include externalInput;

MIRO independent
Parameter c(i,j) 'transport cost in thousands of dollars per case';
c(i,j) = f*#c(i,j)/1000;

Variable
  x(i,j) 'shipment quantities in cases'
  z 'total transportation costs in thousands of dollars';

Positive Variable x;

Equation
  cost 'define objective function'
  supply(i) 'warehouse supply limit at given i'
  demand(j) 'satisfy demand at market j';

cost.. z =e= sum(i,j,c(i,j)*x(i,j));
supply(i).. sum(j,x(i,j)) =l= a(i);
demand(j).. sum(i,x(i,j)) =g= b(j);

Model transport / all /;
solve transport using lp minimizing /;

$reporting
Set scheduleHdr 'schedule header' / 'cap', 'demand', 'quantities' /;

$include externalInput;

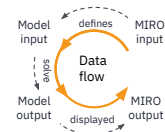
Parameter
  schedule(i,j,scheduleHdr) 'shipment quantities in cases'
  total_cost 'total transportation costs in thousands of dollars';

$include externalInput;

MIRO independent
total_cost = z;
schedule(i,j,'cap') = a(i);
schedule(i,j,'demand') = b(j);
schedule(i,j,'quantities') = x(i,j);
  
```

Data in model overwritten when MIRO is used

Solve model  
MIRO input data used for model run



Return results  
Tagged model output visualized in MIRO

**MIRO input**

1

Load data into sandbox  
→ database, gdx, spreadsheet, csv (+ attachments)  
→ data can be modified by user



Save results  
→ database, gdx, spreadsheet, csv, attachments

**MIRO output**

4

# Knapsack example with MIRO

- Parameters (incl. scalars) are “external input”
- Variables are “external output”
- Remaining information related to MIRO are in its configuration (not model!)
- Detailed look (interesting application!) in Robin Schuchmann's talk (FA-16)

---

```
1  parameters
2  $onExternalInput
3  c      capacity of knapsack / 8 /
4  u(i<) utility of item      / i1 10, i2 4, i3 5, i4 8 /
5  w(i)  weight of item      / i1 8, i2 2, i3 4, i4 5/;
6  $offExternalInput
7  $onExternalOutput
8  binary variable
9  x(i) 1 iff. item i is put into knapsack;
10 free variable
11 utility objective value of selection;
12 $offExternalOutput
```

---

Listing 6: knapsack\_miro.gms

# Knapsack input UI in MIRO

GeneralAlgebraicModelingSystem

File Edit View Window Help

GAMS MIRO

Scenario Help

Input

Output

GAMS interaction

Load scenarios

Compare scenarios

Load data

Solve model

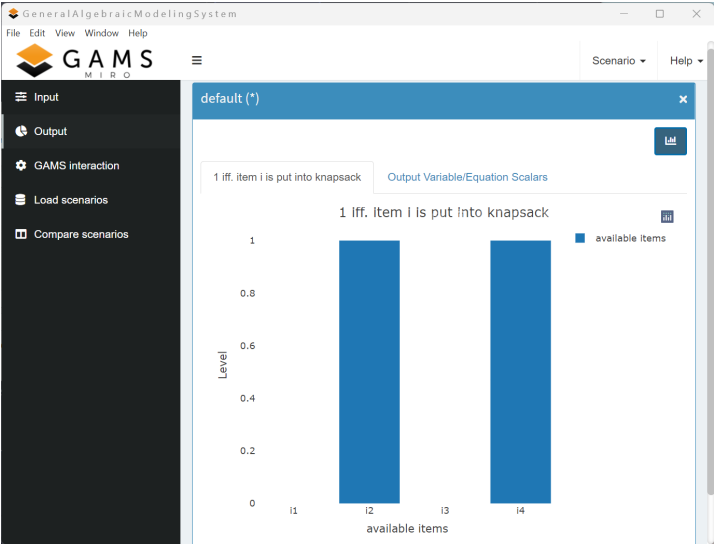
default

Input widgets utility of item weight of item

Search:

	available items	utility of item
1	i1	10.00
2	i2	4.00
3	i3	5.00
4	i4	8.00

# Knapsack result visualization in MIRO

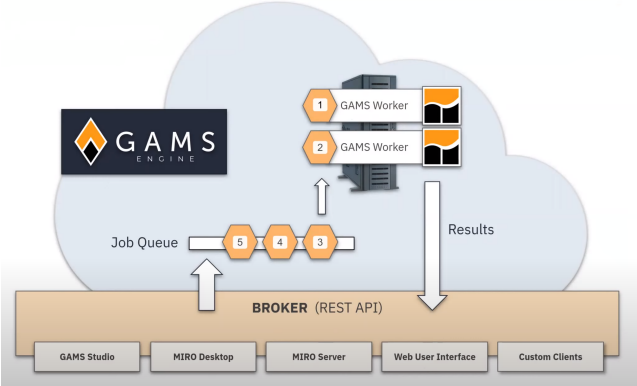


## **Tour of the GAMS ecosystem and its components**

---

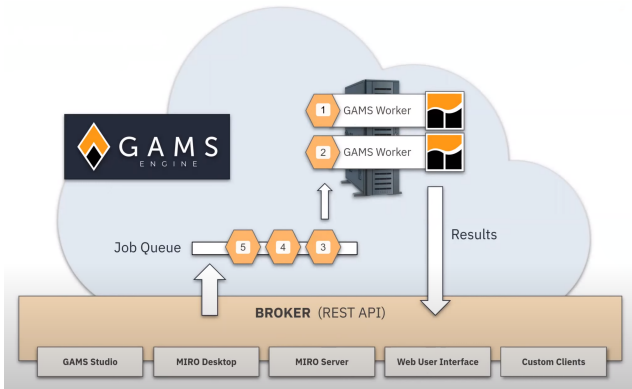
**Engine**

- Running into local machine restrictions with runtimes and parallelism?



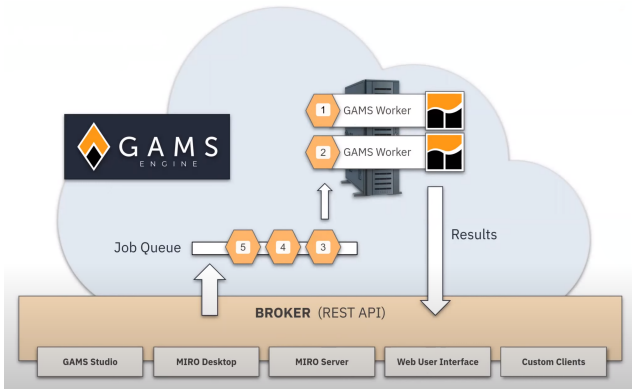


- Running into local machine restrictions with runtimes and parallelism?  
→ Run and solve GAMS models as jobs in the cloud



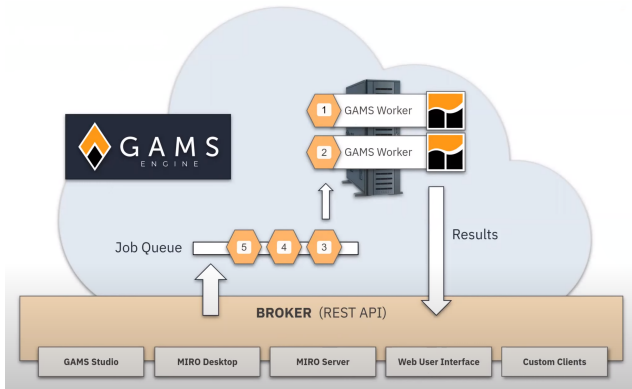
# GAMS Engine

- Running into local machine restrictions with runtimes and parallelism?
- Run and solve GAMS models as jobs in the cloud
- Ideal for sensitivity analysis (what-if) and long-running jobs



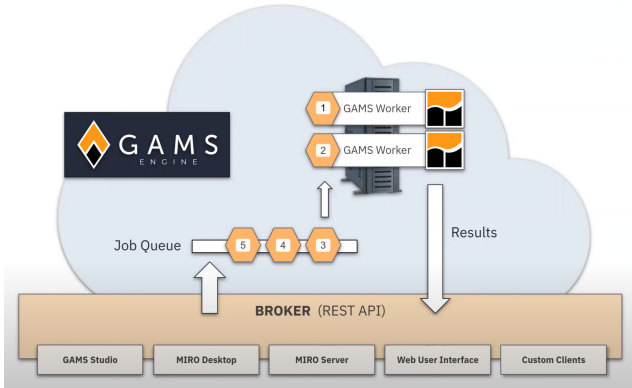
# GAMS Engine

- Running into local machine restrictions with runtimes and parallelism?
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- Tight integration with Studio and MIRO



# GAMS Engine

- Running into local machine restrictions with runtimes and parallelism?
- Run and solve GAMS models as jobs in the cloud
- Ideal for sensitivity analysis (what-if) and long-running jobs
  - Tight integration with Studio and MIRO
  - More details in talk from Stefan Mann (TE-16)



## Summary

---

What we covered: GAMS is more than just a modeling language

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- Extensive documentation and reference: <https://www.gams.com/latest/docs/>
  - For MIRO: <https://gams.com/miro/>
  - For Engine: <https://gams.com/engine/>
- Open source projects (MIRO, Studio, Engine UI, C++-API, ...) on GitHub:  
<https://github.com/orgs/GAMS-dev/repositories>



Thank you for your attention!

10 year OR anniversary 



100 JAAR  
YEARS  
1917 2017 IMPACT 

**André**  
Schnabel

Leibniz University Hannover  
Germany

## Backup slides

# GAMS Studio configuration editor

GAMS Studio

File Edit GAMS MIRO Tools View Help

Welcome knapsack.gms gamsconfig.yaml\*

Key	Value	minVersion	maxVersion
GDX	dump		
Action	CE		
IntVarUp	1		
Keep	1		
MIP	HIGH5		
LP	GUROBI		
OptCR	0.0001		
OptCA	0		
ShowOSMemory	2		

Filter Parameters ...

Parameter	Synonym	DefValue	Range	Type	Description
> Action	A	CE	(R, C, E, ...,GT)	EnumStr	GAMS processing request
> C					CompileOnly
> CE					Compile and Execute
> E					ExecuteOnly
> GT					Trace Report
> R					Restart After Solve
> AppendExpand	AE	1	(0,1)	EnumInt	Expand file append option
> AppendLog	AL	0	(0,1)	EnumInt	Log file append option
> AppendOut	AO	0	(0,1)	EnumInt	Output file append option
> AsyncSOLst		0	(0,1)	EnumInt	Print solution listing when asynchronous solve (Grid or Threads) is used
> Basis0		0.25	[0, 1]	Double	Basis detection threshold
> CaptureModelInstance		0	(0,1)	EnumInt	Switch to capture all model instances within a run
> Case		0	(0,1)	EnumInt	Output case option for LST file
> CErr		0	[0, 2147483647]	Integer	Compile time error limit
> CharSet		1	(0,1)	EnumInt	Character set flag
> CheckErrorLevel		0	(0,1)	EnumInt	Check errorLevel automatically after executing external program
> CNS				String	Constrained Nonlinear Systems - default solver
> ConnectIn				String	Specify YAML Connect script file processed at start of GAMS
> ConnectOut				String	Specify YAML Connect script file processed at end of GAMS
> CurDir	CDir			String	Current directory
> DecryptKey				String	Key to decrypt a text file that was encrypted via Sencrypt
> DFormat	DF	0	(0,1,2)	EnumInt	Date format
> Digit		off	(off, on)	EnumStr	Switch default for "son/offDigit"
> DNLP				String	Non-Linear Programming with Discontinuous Derivatives - default solver
> DocFile				String	Filename stem for documentation files
> DomLim		0	[0, 2147483647]	Integer	Domain violation limit solver default
> DumpOpt		0	(0,1,2,3,4,11,21)	EnumInt	Writes preprocessed input to the file input.dmp
> DumpOptGDX				String	Defines a GDX file name stem created when using DumpOpt
> DumpParams	DP	0	(0,1,2)	EnumInt	GAMS parameter logging
> DumpParamLogPrefix	DPLP	***		String	Prefix of lines triggered by DumpParams-1
> ECImplicitLoad		on	(off, on)	EnumStr	Allow implicit loading of symbols from embedded code or not
> ENP				String	Extended Mathematical Programs - default solver
> Empty		on	(off, on)	EnumStr	Switch default for "son/offEmpty"
> EncryptKey				String	Key to encrypt a text file using Sencrypt
> EolCom		off		String	Switch default for "son/offEolCom" and "seolCom"
> EolOnly	EY			Immediate	Single key-value pairs (immediate switch)
> EpsToZero		off	(off, on)	EnumStr	Treat eps as zero when unloading to GDX
> ErrMag		1	(0,1,2)	EnumInt	Placing of compilation error messages
> ErrNam				String	Name of error message file
> Error				Immediate	Force a compilation error with message
> ErrorLog	ER	2147483647	[0, 2147483647]	Integer	Max error message lines written to the log for each error
> ETLim	ETL	1e+299	[0, 1e+299]	Double	Elapsed time limit in seconds
> ExecMode		0	(0,1,2,3,4)	EnumInt	Limits on external programs that are allowed to be executed
> Expand	EF			String	Expanded (include) input file name
> FDDelta		1e-05	[1e-09, 1]	Double	Step size for finite differences
> FDOpt		0	(0,1,2,3,4,10,11,...	EnumInt	Options for finite differences

Command Line Parameters\* Environment Variables

C:\Users\usachn\Documents\GAMS\gamsconfig.yaml

INS UTF-8

# Extensive model library

Model Library Explorer

Filter model tabs ...

Model Library (429)		Test Library (898)		API Library (61)		Data Utilities Library (146)		EMP Library (104)		FIN Library (42)		NOA Library (78)		PSO Library (31)	
SeqNr	Lic	Name	Application Area	Type	Description										
064	D	ABEL	Macro Economics	NLP	Linear Quadratic Control Problem										
208	D	ABS5MIP	Mathematics	MIP	Discontinuous functions abs() min() max() sign() as MIPs										
088	D	AGRESTE	Agricultural Economics	LP	Agricultural Farm Level Model of NE Brazil										
008	D	AIRCRAFT	Management Science and OR	LP	Aircraft Allocation Under Uncertain Demand										
189	C	AIRSP	Stochastic Programming	LP	Aircraft Allocation										
196	C	AIRSP2	Stochastic Programming	DECIS	Aircraft Allocation - stochastic optimization with DECIS										
060	D	AJAX	Management Science and OR	LP	Ajax Paper Company Production Schedule										
124	D	ALAN	Finance	MIN...	A Quadratic Programming Model for Portfolio Analysis										
165	D	ALKYL	Chemical Engineering	NLP	Simplified Alkylation Process										
396	D	ALLBASES	Micro Economics	MIP	Enumerate all Feasible Basic Solutions of the Transportation Problem										
170	D	ALPHAM...	Recreational Models	MIP	Alphametics - a Mathematical Puzzle										
031	C	ALUM	International Trade	MIP	World Aluminum Model										
074	D	AMPL	Management Science and OR	LP	AMPL Sample Problem										
044	L	ANDEAN	Micro Economics	MIP	Andean Fertilizer Model										
197	D	APL1P	Stochastic Programming	DECIS	Stochastic Programming Example for DECIS										
198	D	APL1PCA	Stochastic Programming	DECIS	Stochastic Programming Example for DECIS										
430	D	ASYNCL...	GAMS Language Features	MIP	Asynchronous processing of incumbents reported by GAMS/CPLEX										
403	L	ASYNCL...	GAMS Language Features	GAMS	Execute asynchronously several GAMS jobs and collect the fastest										
411	D	ASYNCL...	GAMS Language Features	LP	Transportation Problem with async loop body execution										
296	D	AWKQAP	GAMS Tools	MIQ...	Input file generation with AWK for the Quadratic Assignment Problem										
298	D	AWKTSP	GAMS Tools	MIP	Traveling Salesman Problem Instance prepared with AWK										
290	D	BADMIP	Management Science and OR	MIP	Rounding Problems in MIPs										
119	D	BATCHDES	Chemical Engineering	MIN...	Optimal Design for Chemical Batch Processing										
287	L	BCHFCNET	Branch and Cut and Heuristic	MIP	Fixed Cost Network Flow Problem with Cuts using BCH Facility										
289	D	BCHMK...	Branch and Cut and Heuristic	MIP	Multi knapsack problem using BCH Facility										
288	D	BCHOIL	Branch and Cut and Heuristic	MIP	Oil Pipeline Design Problem using BCH Facility										
349	D	BCHSTO...	Branch and Cut and Heuristic	MIP	Cutting Stock - A Column Generation Approach with BCH										
286	D	BCHTLBAS	Branch and Cut and Heuristic	MIN...	Trim Loss Minimization with Heuristic using BCH Facility										
348	D	BCHTSP	Branch and Cut and Heuristic	MIP	Traveling Salesman Problem Instance with BCH										

Load Cancel Description

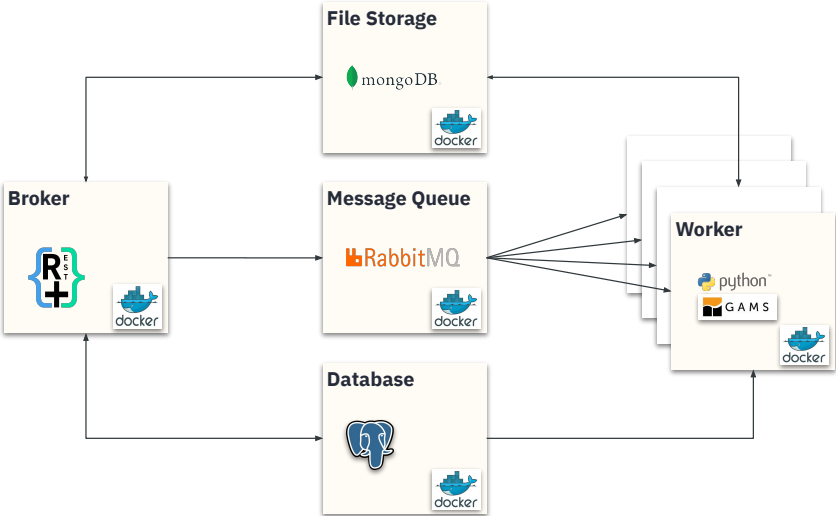
Library explorer dialog from GAMS Studio

```
1 ws = GamsWorkspace()
2 db = ws.add_database()
3 items = [f'i{i + 1}' for i in range(4)]
4 utilities, weights = [10, 4, 5, 8], [8, 2, 4, 5]
5 i = db.add_set('i', 1, 'available items')
6 for item in items: i.add_record(item)
7 c = db.add_parameter('c', 0, 'capacity of knapsack')
8 c.add_record().value = 8
9 u = db.add_parameter('u', 1, 'utility of item')
10 for item, utility in zip(items, utilities):
11     u.add_record(item).value = utility
12 w = db.add_parameter('w', 1, 'weight of item')
13 for item, weight in zip(items, weights):
14     w.add_record(item).value = weight
15 db.export('knapsack_instance.gdx')
16 ...
```

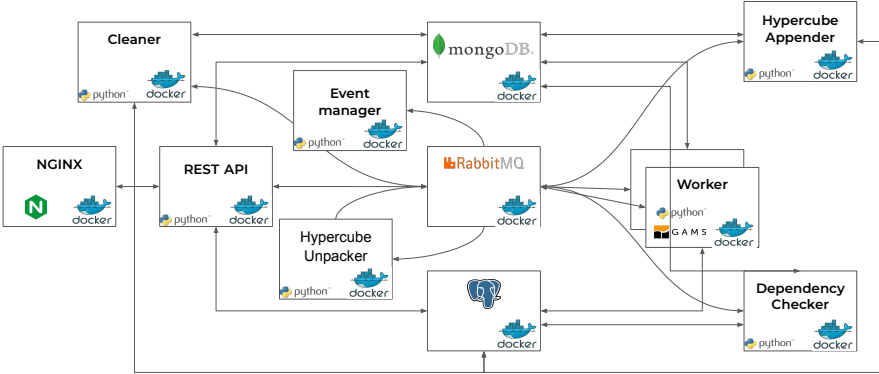
---

Listing 7: knapsack\_pyapi.gms

# GAMS Engine architecture internals



# GAMS Engine architecture internals



## GANTT chart for a RCPSP instance in MIRO

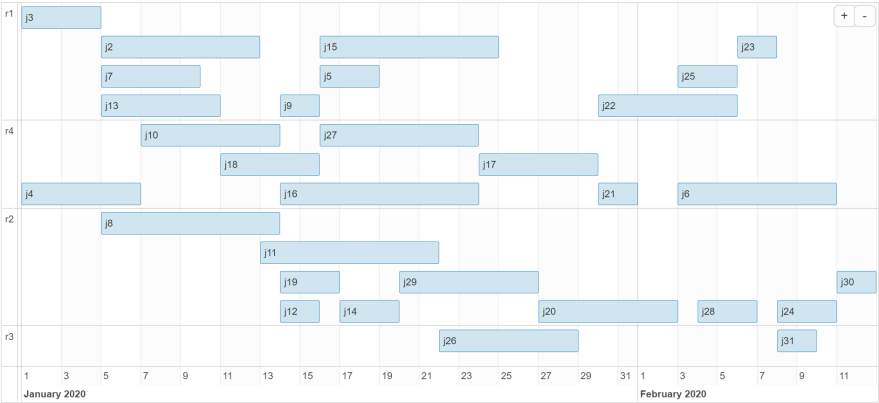
- Convert time periods  $1 \dots T$  to dates for interoperability with 'timevis'
- Model available via 'gamslib rcpsp' from GAMS model library

```
1 set ds /2020-01-01/;
2 $onMulti
3 $onEmbeddedCode Python:
4 from datetime import date
5 def to_date(t):
6     refdate = date.toordinal(date(2020, 1, 1))
7     return date.fromordinal(refdate + t).strftime("%Y-%m-%d")
8 ds=[to_date(int(t.replace('t', ''))) for t in gams.get('t')]
9 gams.set("ds", ds)
10 $offEmbeddedCode ds
11 alias(ds, start, end);
12 $onExternalOutput
13 parameter gantt(j, start, end, r);
14 $offExternalOutput
15 gantt(j, start, end, r)$(st(j)=ord(start) and st(j)+durations(j)=
    ord(end) and demands(j,r) > 0) = demands(j,r);
```

Listing 8: rcpsp\_miro.gms



# Resulting schedule for the RCPSP in MIRO

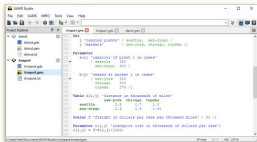


# The modern GAMS ecosystem



## GAMS - Modeling Platform

- **Algebraic Modeling Language** (platform independent)
- **Commercial and Academic Solvers** (packaged)
- **APIs for major programming languages** (C++, Java, Python, Matlab and more)

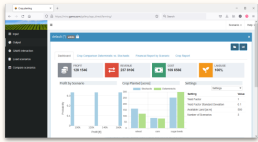


- Domain Experts
- Modellers/Developers



## MIRO - Graphical UI Generator

- **Turns models into web applications**
- **Interactive graphical output**
- **Extendable with custom code**
- **Local or Server Installation**

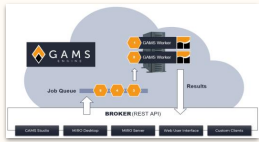


- End Users
- Analysts



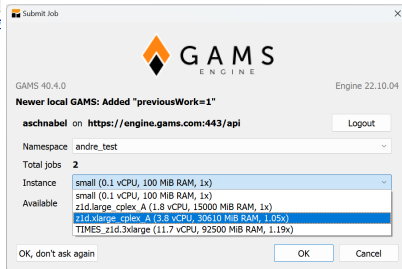
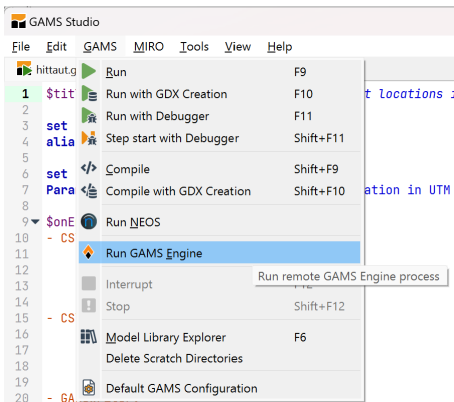
## Engine - Deployment Solution

- **Solves GAMS models on centralized resources** (on-prem or cloud)
- **REST API** (user & job management)
- **GAMS job scheduling & Load balancing**

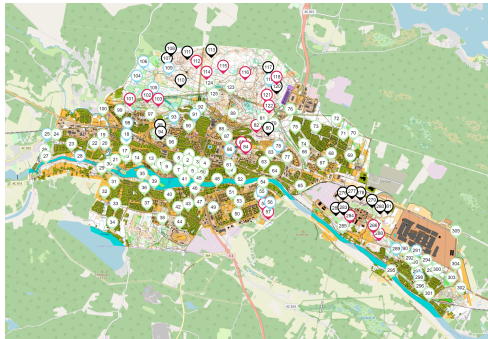


- IT Admins
- Transparent to End Users

# GAMS Studio integration of remote execution

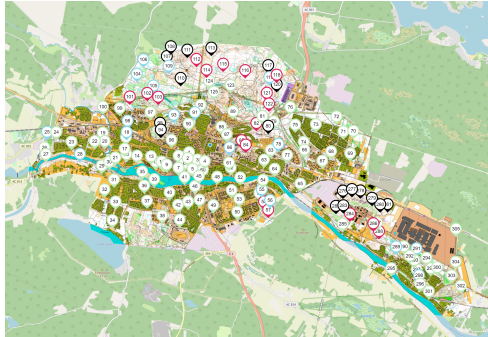


# HITTAUT in Sweden (e.g. Skellefteå)



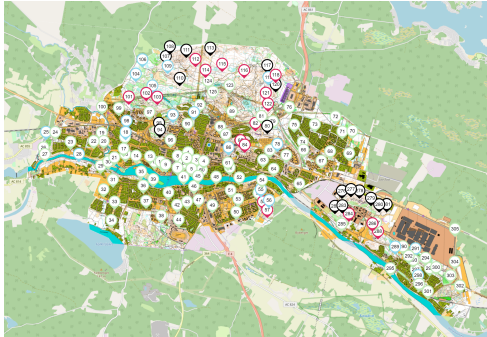
- Similar to Wandernadel but some tags intentionally difficult to find

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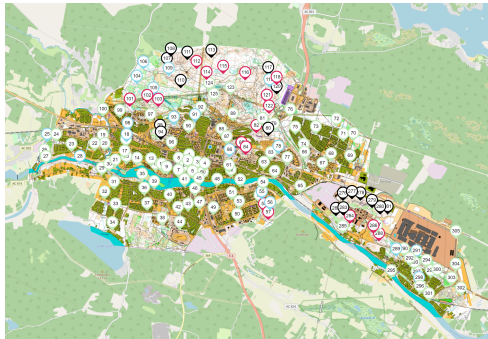
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- Prove visit by putting secret code into smartphone app with online highscore

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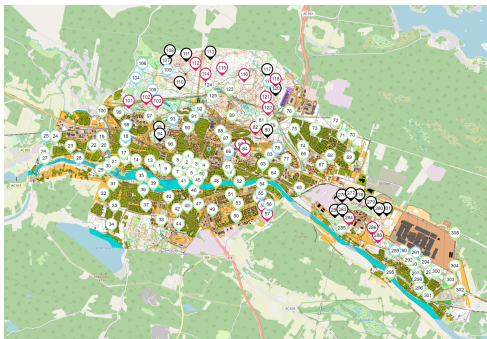
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  1. Fetch locations as JSON via REST-API (Embedded Code)

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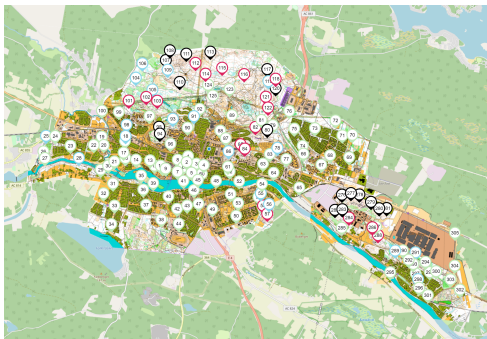
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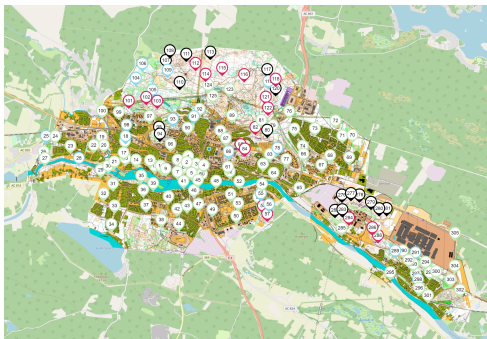


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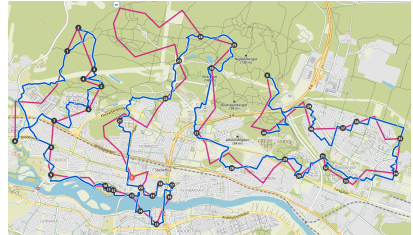
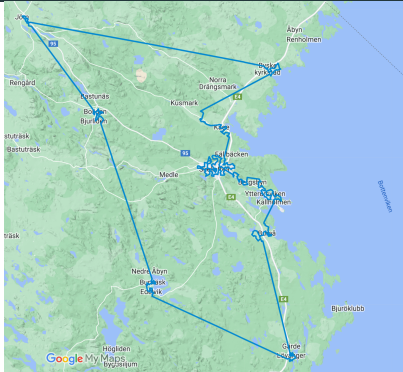
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  4. Write solution to CSV (Connect)

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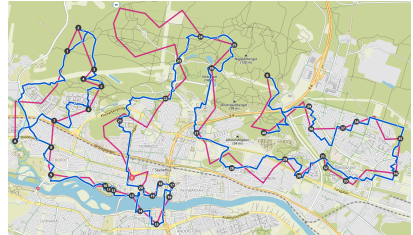
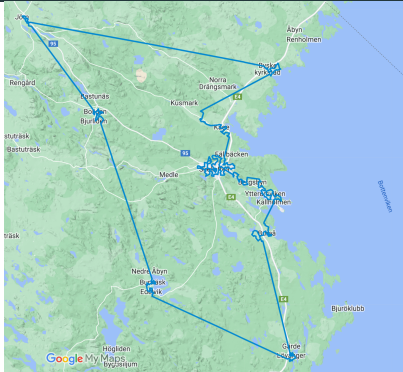
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  2. Fill location set and UTM coordinates into GAMS symbols (Embedded Code)
  3. Solve TSP model with CPLEX
  4. Write solution to CSV (Connect)
  5. Convert into GPX file (Python script)

# Optimal tour for HITTAUT in Skellefteå



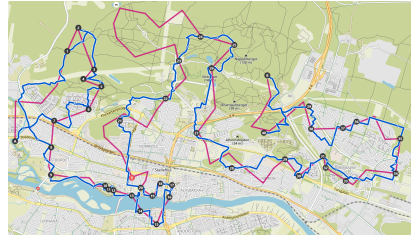
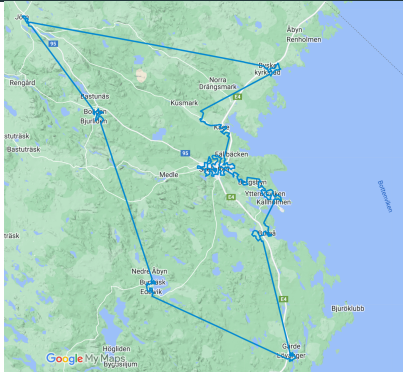
- GAMS/CPLEX needs 4min 20s and Concorde/CPLEX just 1.7s

# Optimal tour for HITTAUT in Skellefteå



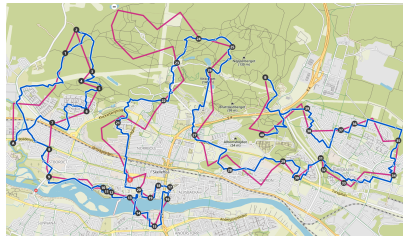
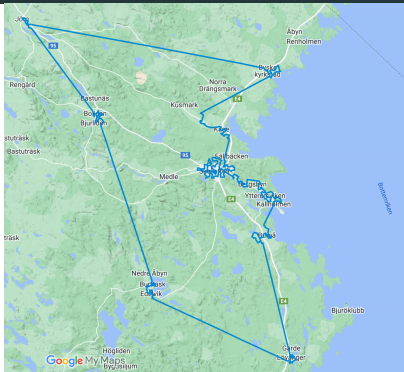
- GAMS/CPLEX needs 4min 20s and Concorde/CPLEX just 1.7s
- Optimal tour for all 419 tags is  $\geq 371$  km (as the crow flies)

# Optimal tour for HITTAUT in Skellefteå



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- More details in Justine's talk coming up next in this session



# Python API: solve with varying knapsack capacities

```
1  ...
2  job = ws.add_job_from_file('knapsack_mi.gms')
3  cp = ws.add_checkpoint()
4  job.run(checkpoint=cp)
5  mi = cp.add_modelinstance()
6  mi_capacity = mi.sync_db.add_parameter("c", 0, "varying capacity")
7  mi.instantiate('knapsack use mip max utility',GamsModifier(mi_capacity))
8  mi_capacity.add_record().value = 1
9  for cap_vary in range(6, 12):
10     mi_capacity.first_record().value = cap_vary
11     mi.solve()
12     print(f'Maximum utility for capacity {cap_vary}: {mi.sync_db["
        utility"].find_record().level}')
```

## Listing 9: knapsack\_pyapi.gms

```
1  Maximum utility for capacity 6: 9.0
2  Maximum utility for capacity 7: 12.0
3  Maximum utility for capacity 8: 12.0
4  Maximum utility for capacity 9: 13.0
5  Maximum utility for capacity 10: 14.0
6  Maximum utility for capacity 11: 17.0
```

## Listing 10: output

- Only fragments of Python code required to “decorate” GAMS model?
- Intersperse snippets inside a GAMS model with easy API for data exchange

```
1  $include knapsack_core
2  $onEmbeddedCode Python:
3  import urllib.request
4  import zipfile
5  def ints(coll): return [ int(elem) for elem in coll ]
6  url='http://artemisa.unicauca.edu.co/~johnnyortega/instances_01_KP/
      instances_01_KP.zip'
7  urllib.request.urlretrieve(url, 'instances.zip')
8  with zipfile.ZipFile('instances.zip', 'r') as zip_ref:
9      zip_ref.extractall('instances')
10 with open('instances/low-dimensional/f1_l-d_kp_10_269') as fp:
11     lines = fp.readlines()
12     num_items, capacity = ints(lines[0].split())
13     items = [f'_{i+1}' for i in range(num_items)]
14     utilities = ints([ line.split()[0] for line in lines[1:] ])
15     weights = ints([ line.split()[1] for line in lines[1:] ])
16     gams.set('i', items)
17     gams.set('c', [capacity])
18     gams.set('u', list(zip(items, utilities)))
19     gams.set('w', list(zip(items, weights)))
20 $offEmbeddedCode i c u w
21 model knapsack /all/;
22 solve knapsack using mip maximizing utility;
```